

The Book of the Twelve

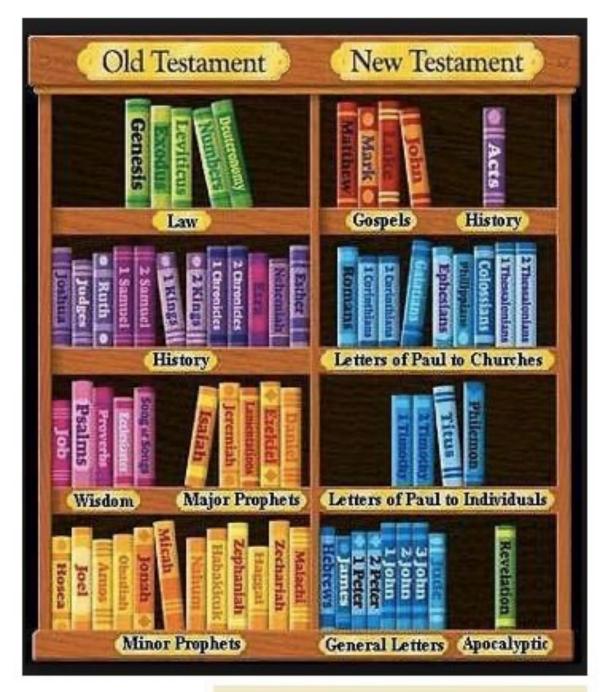
Session 4: Intro to Minor Prophets 9 May 2023



Initial thoughts...

Who were the minor prophets?

Popular verses?





Bible
Major and
minor prophets

Augustine 4th Century onwards.



Book of the Twelve Book of the Bones of the Prophets

Photo by Mick Haupt on Unsplash



8th Century BCE – Isaiah Amos Hosea Micah



7th Century BCE – Jeremiah Nahum Zephaniah Habakkuk

6th Century BCE – Ezekiel Haggai Zechariah Malachi

The outliers- likely postexilic Jonah Obadiah Joel

8th Century BCE – Isaiah Amos (3) Hosea (1)

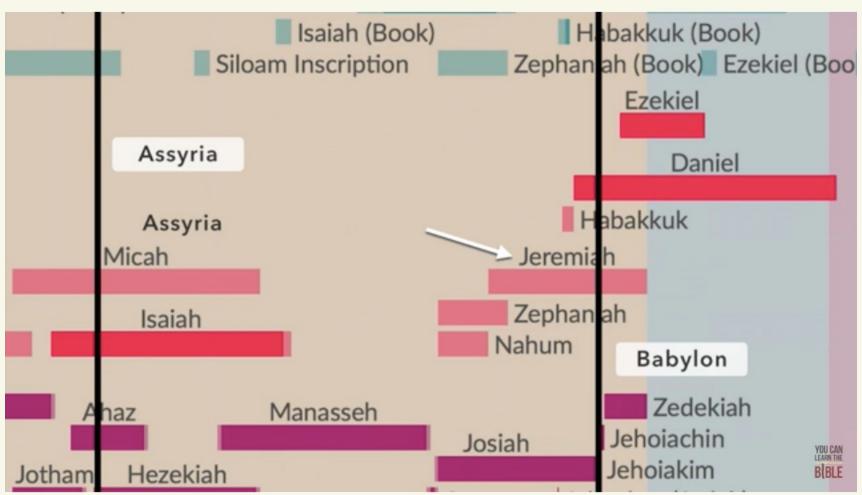
Micah (6)



7th Century BCE – Jeremiah Nahum (7) Zephaniah (9) Habakkuk(8)

6th Century BCE – Ezekiel Haggai (10) Zechariah (11) Malachi (12) The outliers- likely postexilic Jonah (5) Obadiah (4) Joel (2)









Editorial similarities to Jeremiah

- Redactors
- Prophetic narrative over character or chronology
- Themes
 Judgement and restoration
 Broken covenant
 Theodicy
 Other nations



Overview

9 May Intro to minor prophets: Hosea / Joel

13 June 8th Century

11 July 7th Century

dominance

Babyloniar



Amos – treatment of the poor, military judgement Hosea – broken covenant/unfaithful wife

Micah – political and religious leaders' corruption

Nahum – divine judgement on Assyria
Zephaniah – religious corruption, judgment, and hope
Habbakuk - trust in God in disaster and chaos

Haggai – post exilic, vision to rebuild

Zechariah – dreamlike vision of reconstruction

Malachi - rebukes corruption and urges faithful ethics,

cf Ezra and Nehemiah, Messianic



The Outliers (introductory)

Joel – probably post exilic, anchor for the Book

Obadiah – post exilic, rage against Edomites

Jonah – post exilic book, atypical for prophetic literature, reception and repentance in Assyria.



The Book of the Twelve

Hosea – introduction, scene setting, broken covenant the prophet's personal experience. clear links to Deuteronomy and covenant teaching YHWH, covenant, concern for poor

I desire steadfast love and not sacrifice, the knowledge of God rather than burnt offerings.

Hosea 6.6 quoted by Jesus twice (Matt 9.12-13, 12.7)





Joel 'The day of the Lord'

Blow the trumpet in Zion; sound the alarm on my holy mountain!
Let all the inhabitants of the land tremble, for the day of the Lord is coming, it is near—a day of darkness and gloom, a day of clouds and thick darkness!
Like blackness spread upon the mountains a great and powerful army comes; their like has never been from of old, nor will be again after them in ages to come.



Joel 2. 12-14

Yet even now, says the Lord, return to me with all your heart, with fasting, with weeping, and with mourning; rend your hearts and not your clothing.
Return to the Lord, your God, for he is gracious and merciful, slow to anger, and abounding in steadfast love, and relents from punishing.

Who knows whether he will not turn and relent, and leave a blessing behind him, a grain-offering and a drink-offering for the Lord, your God?



Joel 2, 28-32

Then afterwards I will pour out my spirit on all flesh; your sons and your daughters shall prophesy, your old men shall dream dreams, and your young men shall see visions.

Even on the male and female slaves, in those days, I will pour out my spirit.

I will show portents in the heavens and on the earth, blood and fire and columns of smoke. The sun shall be turned to darkness, and the moon to blood, before the great and terrible day of the Lord comes. Then everyone who calls on the name of the Lord shall be saved; for in Mount Zion and in Jerusalem there shall be those who escape, as the Lord has said, and among the survivors shall be those whom the Lord calls.



Group Discussion

Look at Joel chapter 2 and talk about 'The Day of the Lord' within the context of The Book and the Twelve and Old Testament Prophetic Literature, and it's use in Acts 2 on the day of Pentecost.



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