

# Session 3: Prophetic Imagination Discontinuity and Possibility

14 March 2023

#### **Overview**

10 January

14 February

14 March

Jeremiah an overview

**Prophetic Word** 

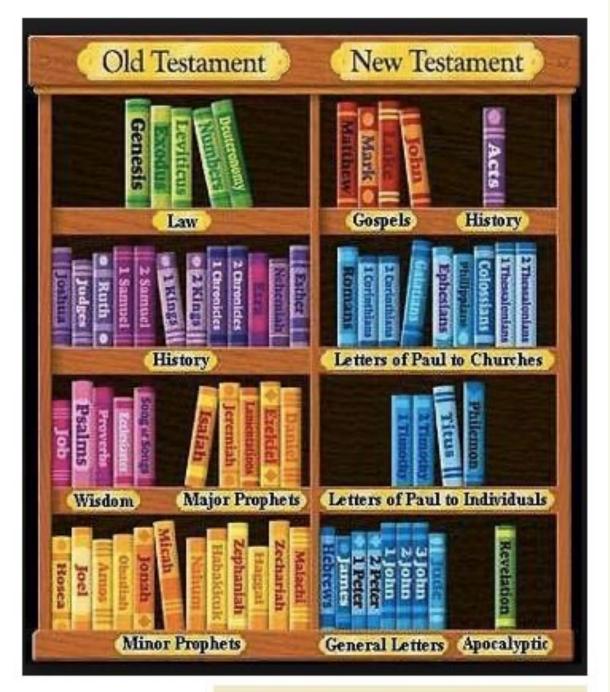
Prophetic Imagination

Discontinuity and Possibility



May - December

Employing prophetic Imagination with the Book of the Twelve Minor Prophets





# Bible A library of books

Different genre and purposes

Not chronological

Authorship?





#### Who was Jeremiah?

The Weeping Prophet, prophesied during the great crisis in Israel's history, the downfall of Judah, the destruction of the Temple, and exile into Babylon.

https://biblediscoverytv.com/spotlight/ /2020/the-weeping-prophet/

Jeremiah, as depicted by Michelangelo from the Sistine Chapel ceiling.



# Jeremiah, fact or fiction?

Historical critical biblical studies.

Deuteronomistic history – retelling the story as theology.

#### The Jeremiah Call



Jeremiah 1.10 is constructed from six infinitives, set out in pairs:

to pluck up (lintosh) and to pull down (lintots),

to destroy (leha'abid) and to overthrow (laharos),

to build (libnot) and to plant (lintoa).

The reader is invited 'to reckon with the reality of the discontinuity in the historical process, out of which God can work a powerful newness, utterly inexplicable'.

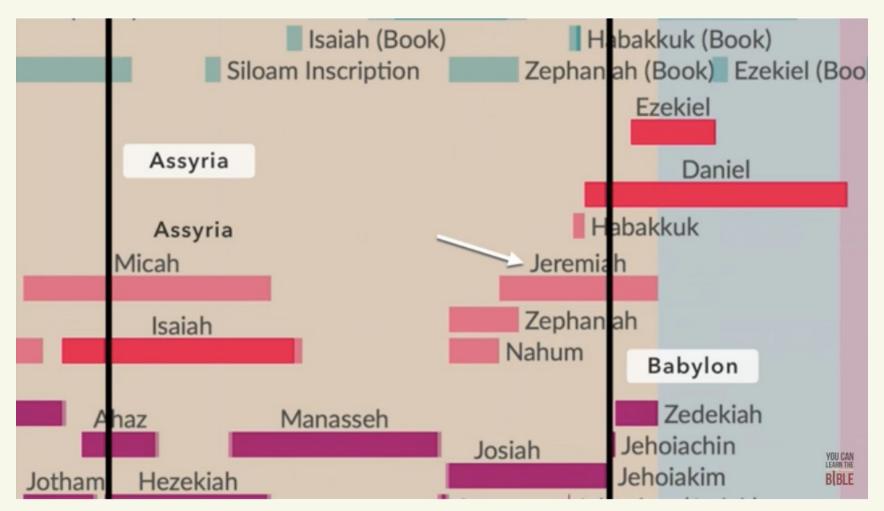
(Brueggemann, Exile and Homecoming, 1998, p. 26)



# Session 2: Prophetic Word

The use of language and imagery to speak of God

- Context
- Structure
- Language and imagery types



Josiah's reign 641-609 BC

You can learn the Bible, The Context of Jeremiah <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qxi6WAgqmQY">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qxi6WAgqmQY</a>



NIV Study Bible, Map 1, Hodder & Stoughton,

Josiah Jehoahaz **Jehoiakim** 

Reigns for 32 years, 643 - 609 BC

- Godly reform / Deutero Law
- Lull in dominance of Assyria and Babylon

• Reigns for 3 months

Reigns for 11 years as vassal King for Babylon

- 1st deportation (Daniel, Ezekiel, 10,000)
- Defies Nebuchadnezzar 2<sup>nd</sup> deportation.
- Dies in battle.

Jehoiachin

 Son of Jehoiakim, deported with large proportion of population in 2<sup>nd</sup> deportation.

Zedekiah

 Vassal King, Reigns 11 years, after 9 years defies Babylon and sides with Egypt. Leads to full destruction for Judah and Jerusalem.

## Structure of Jeremiah



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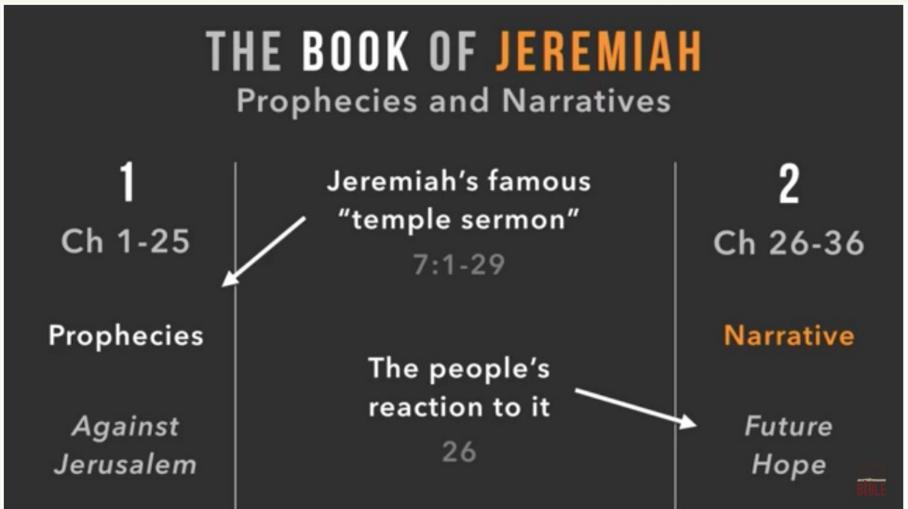
**Prophecies and Narratives** 

Ch 1-25 Ch 26-36 Ch 46-51 Ch 37-45 **Narrative Narrative Prophecies Prophecies** Against Against the Nations Jerusalem

> You can learn the Bible. The Structure of the Book of Jeremiah https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QxUjdaDdph8

## Structure of Jeremiah





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#### Baruch and the redactors

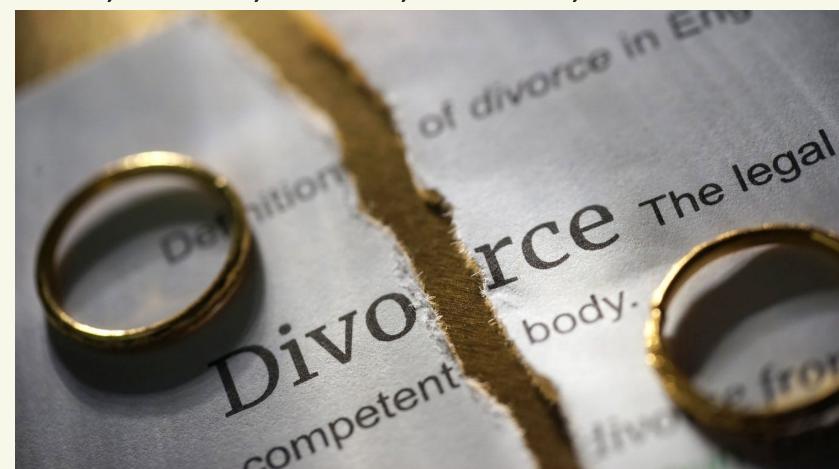
- words of Jeremiah
- edited by Baruch (e.g. ch 36.4)
- edited by redactors

'The prose of hope does not cancel out the poetry of hurt'.

Brueggeman, A Commentary on Jeremiah, p.47



Legal case for divorce - a covenant broken 2. 4-13, 5.1-13, 8.8-10, 11.1-17, 17.1-4







Pathos of God Poetry: sadness, grief, unfaithfulness.

3. 12.7-13, 12.7-13, 14. 17-22



Prophecies of judgment and terror various verses from 4.5-6.30 and 15. 1-9



<u>Photo from https://www.theguardian.com/world/live/2023/feb/05/russia-ukraine-war-situation-in-the-east-very-difficult-ukraines-president-says</u>



#### Links to other texts

- Dismantling creation order
   Jer 4.19-31 (Gen 1.2), Jer 10.1-16
- DeuteronomyJer 11.1-17/Deut 6.4
- Psalms & lamentations
   11.18-12.6, 15.10- 21, 17.14-18,
   18.18-23, 20.7-18



## Weird prophetic acts

Loin cloth 13.1-11

Buy Israel should cling to Yahweh

Hide Israel has hidden from Yahweh

Recovered Israel is worthless,

but useless

Buy land

32.6-17 a sign of the promise to come

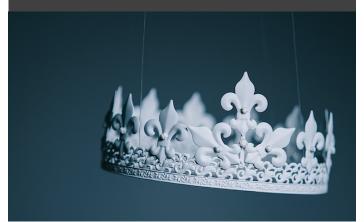








# Imagery and metaphor









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#### Three Approaches to the Text

#### Literal Approach

God is an active agent in the political drama and trauma of the exilic period. Jeremiah as God's mouthpiece, one man prophesying across this whole period. No inconsistencies in the text.

#### Historical critical Approach

Who is God here? How is God an active agent? Inconsistencies in the text, later editors and redactors.

Compiled when the nation is being restored after exile with influence of Deuteronomists and the warning/threat of the law to maintain the covenant.

#### Narrative / canonical Approach

The editing allows us to see how the community of God theologized about exile, building a new life in Babylon, and the return to Jerusalem.

The message of the book speaks beyond the context and into other contexts.

In Jeremiah this can be summarized as the call

to pluck up and pull down, to build and to plant.

This allows us to ask what the message of the Jeremiah call might say to us today (prophetic imagination).

#### The Jeremiah Call



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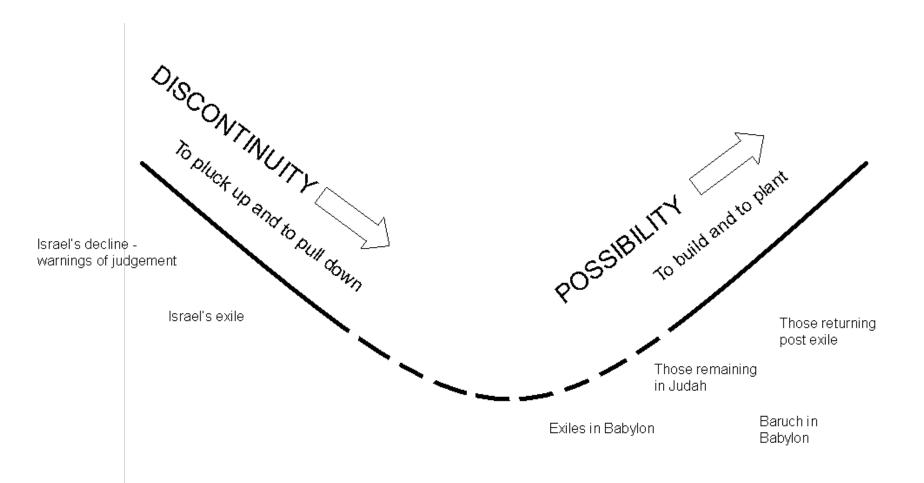
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#### Session 3: Prophetic Imagination



Call	Discontinuity	Possibility	Continuity
12.14-17	Babylonians are God's	Future restoration for	God's sovereignty.
	instrument of	those in exile.	
	judgement.		
18.7-10	Warnings of destruction	Promises of restoration	God's sovereignty.
	can be averted.	can be reconsidered.	
24.4-7	'Good figs' from Judah	'Good figs' will return.	God's presence with
	sent into exile.		his people in exile.
31.27-28	God watched over the	God will watch over the	God's presence and
	destruction and exile.	planting and building.	sovereignty.
42.10-12		Future planting for those	God's presence and
		who stay in Judah.	grief.
45.4-5	Disaster for all.		God's presence with
			Baruch, and
			sovereignty.

#### The irony of Jeremiah 29.10-14

<sup>10</sup> For thus says the Lord: Only when Babylon's seventy years are completed will I visit you, and I will fulfil to you my promise and bring you back to this place. 11 For surely I know the plans I have for you, says the Lord, plans for your welfare and not for harm, to give you a future with hope. 12 Then when you call upon me and come and pray to me, I will hear you. 13 When you search for me, you will find me; if you seek me with all your heart, <sup>14</sup> I will let you find me, says the Lord, and I will restore your fortunes and gather you from all the nations and all the places where I have driven you, says the Lord, and I will bring you back to the place from which I sent you into exile.

#### Canonical messages in Jeremiah

- 1.The Call: to pluck up and pull down to build and to plant
- 2. We are not safe from tragedy
- 3. We cannot mock God, we cannot assume God's blessing and covenant
- 4. God does not leave us in judgment
- 5. Blessing/growth can be found in exile (face it and grow)
- 6. Beyond exile there is hope for new possibilities
- 7. God is at work in the politics of our world
- 8. It is possible to theologize about God's actions and through that we may find meaning and strength.

#### Groupwork

- 1. How might you interpret the Jeremiah call (to pluck up and pull down, to build and to plant) for today?
- 2. Jeremiah points to the links between created order of the world and obedience to the covenant. In what ways is this helpful in theologizing about the climate crisis?

3. How do you understand God at work in our world? How does theologizing about God as active in the world help or hinder us to be part of making the world a better place?

